

Measures proposed to improve the flood resistance to the proposed development

There are many measures that can be taken to reduce the impact of flooding on your property. These measures generally fall within two main categories, those that are taken to keep water out of the building, often called **dry-proofing** measures and those to improve the ability of the property to withstand the effects of flooding once water has entered the building, known as **wet-proofing**.

Please indicate which measures as per the details of any flood resilience and resistance techniques to be included in accordance with 'Preparing for floods' (ODPM 2003) and return to this office to form part of your Flood Risk Assessment

Site address _____

Dry-proofing

Install moveable flood protection barriers for doorways, low-level windows and other openings, such as airbricks.

Installation of non-return valves on sewers

Wet-proofing

Use of flood resistant building materials within wall and/or floors

Installation of solid wood staircase below expected flood level

Ground Floor Ring Main to be installed at first floor level with drop down cables to ground floor sockets.

Locate electrical sockets at a height above flood levels

Locate Consumer Unit above flood level

Locate electricity meter or gas meters above flood levels

Locate Gas and Oil fired boilers and associated pumps and controls above expected flood level.

Pipe insulation below expected flood level to be replaced with closed cell insulation.

Signed _____ Date _____

On behalf of _____